

# The Evening Journal

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1916.



AMERICA FIRST, LAST AND ALL THE TIME.

### GOOD GROUND FOR CONFIDENCE.

THE Republican Publicity Association, through its President, Hon. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., gave out an important statement at its Washington headquarters yesterday. It shows that if the country votes at the Presidential election this year as it voted at the Congressional election of 1914, Hughes will carry California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

These States have 286 votes in the electoral college, a majority of which is only 266.

In each of these States, two years ago, the Republican Congressional ticket received a clear plurality of votes. In these States combined the Republican candidates for Congress received 4,076,167 votes, while the Democratic candidates for Congress received only 3,132,568 votes—the total Republican plurality being 942,599.

In each of these States, in 1914, there was an organized Progressive campaign—except in Nevada, North Dakota, Utah and Wisconsin, although in Utah there was a Fusion ticket running in opposition to the Republicans. The total Progressive vote in these States was 746,341; and the combined Republican-Progressive plurality over the Democrats was 1,688,930.

Two years ago there were five States—Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Nebraska and Ohio—which are fairly to be classed as normally Republican, but where the Democratic Congressional ticket received a plurality of votes ranging from a beggarly 365 in Maine, to an impressive 42,752 in Indiana. But the Progressive vote in each of these five States was far in excess of the difference between the Republican and Democratic totals, and ranged from 3,111 in Nebraska to 90,040 in Indiana. In Kansas the Progressive vote in 1914 amounted to 74,441; in Ohio it was 47,881; and in Maine it was 17,985. These five States will cast 63 votes in the electoral college. How will they vote this year?

The statement adds that hopeful Democratic statisticians estimate the division of the former Progressive vote upon different proportions—in each instance, however, giving the long end of it to the Republicans and in no instance claiming that more than 30 per cent. of the Bull Moose will support Wilson. Upon this extreme hypothesis, let us examine the vote of the five States where a Democratic plurality was found in the Congressional elections of 1914.

The Republican vote of Indiana in 1914 was 233,140, the Progressives casting 90,040, and the Democrats 875,892. Dividing the Bull Moose strength on the basis of seventy and thirty per cent., respectively, to the Republicans and the Democrats, the vote of Indiana this year should be: Republican, 296,162; Democratic, 302,904. The margin is too small for comfort on either side; and Indiana must remain as fighting territory until the votes are counted. The Progressives—aided, it is said, by Democratic funds—are maintaining an organization in that State; but competent observers believe that from 85 to 90 per cent. of the Moose will vote for Hughes and that the number who will support Wilson is negligible. Upon this basis, Indiana should go for Hughes and Fairbanks by nearly 30,000.

The seventy-third division applied to Kansas would give that State to the Republicans by the following figures: Republican, 240,215; Democratic, 218,162.

In Maine the result would be: Republican, 72,888; Democratic, 66,071.

In Nebraska the figures would show: Republican, 113,376; Democratic, 113,820. This is another hair-line of demarcation—but there is no Bull Moose ticket in Nebraska this year; and while the contest will be a hard one, the indications are that Hughes will carry the State.

The same division of the Progressive vote in Ohio would produce figures for 1916 in this wise: Republican, 511,038; Democratic, 498,653.

It is, therefore, a fair assumption that, in addition to retaining the States which disclosed a clear Republican plurality in 1914—and which assure a majority of the electoral college—the Republican ticket will this year gain Kansas, Maine and Ohio without question and secure for Hughes and Fairbanks a total of 326 out of the 531 votes in the electoral college—with more than a fighting chance to add the 23 votes of Indiana and Nebraska to that number, making 349, or a majority of

167." President Bourne said. "Hughes will not be a minority President." The figures upon which the foregoing is based are taken from the World Almanac, and in detail they show these States with Republican pluralities:

California—Republican, 380,493; Progressive, 158,984; Democratic, 220,179. Colorado—Republican, 99,909; Progressive, 16,985; Democratic, 97,480. Connecticut—Republican, 89,000; Progressive, 6,723; Democratic, 78,110. Delaware—Republican, 23,922; Progressive, 1,653; Democratic, 20,681. Idaho—Republican, 45,366; Progressive, 8,295; Democratic, 39,736. Illinois—Republican, 417,878; Progressive, 134,453; Democratic, 331,254. Iowa—Republican, 207,472; Progressive, 19,095; Democratic, 159,232. Massachusetts—Republican, 222,840; Progressive, 30,118; Democratic, 189,197. Michigan—Republican, 218,445; Progressive, 47,700; Democratic, 149,762. Minnesota—Republican, 181,482; Progressive, 24,728; Democratic, 87,305. Nevada—Republican, 8,915; Democratic, 8,031; no Progressive ticket. New Hampshire—Republican, 42,450; Progressive, 2,380; Democratic, 35,241. New Jersey—Republican, 179,930; Progressive, 17,071; Democratic, 172,958. New Mexico—Republican, 23,812; Progressive, 1,695; Democratic, 19,805. New York—Republican, 621,110; Progressive, 61,248; Democratic, 537,399. North Dakota—Republican, 50,792; Democratic, 26,890; no Progressive ticket. Oregon—Republican, 102,107; Progressive, 8,521; Democratic, 83,998. Pennsylvania—Republican, 559,924; Progressive, 120,593; Democratic, 329,013. Rhode Island—Republican, 39,001; Progressive, 1,221; Democratic, 35,186. South Dakota—Republican, 52,844; Progressive, 1,501; Democratic, 37,752. Utah—Republican, 54,940; Democratic (Fusion), 5,945; Vermont—Republican, 36,880; Progressive, 9,545; Democratic, 13,685. Washington—Republican, 128,001; Progressive, 66,886; Democratic, 96,652. West Virginia—Republican, 107,783; Progressive, 8,786; Democratic, 106,317. Wisconsin—Republican, 159,369; Democratic, 115,501; no Progressive ticket. Wyoming—Republican, 21,362; Progressive, 1,308; Democratic, 17,246.

The States with Republican-Progressive pluralities were: Indiana—Republican, 233,140; Progressive, 90,040; Democratic, 275,892. Kansas—Republican, 198,106; Progressive, 74,441; Democratic, 196,830. Maine—Republican, 60,318; Progressive, 17,985; Democratic, 60,683. Nebraska—Republican, 111,199; Progressive, 3,111; Democratic, 112,886. Ohio—Republican, 477,452; Progressive, 47,981; Democratic, 484,258.

These are facts and figures which should strengthen both the confidence and the determination of Delaware Republicans.

### DESERVE A HEARTY WELCOME.

WILMINGTON will have an opportunity on September 14 to do honor to a distinguished party. Thanks to the enterprise of William E. Megear, president of the Chamber of Commerce, and his associates in that organization, the delegates to the annual convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association will come to this city from Philadelphia on that day and be the guests of the Chamber. Many of them will be accompanied by their wives and daughters. The people of Wilmington should welcome them heartily and assist in making them feel at home.

The Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association is a purposeful and highly beneficial organization. Its slogan is: "To be prepared for commerce in peace and defense in war is common sense preparedness, and now is the time to prepare for both."

While the association is urging the intelligent improvement of all our navigable streams, it is especially interested in the project of having a great inland waterway from Boston to Florida and of the Federal acquisition of the Chesapeake and Delaware canal so it may be made part of that great coastal enterprise. Wilmington and Wilmingtonians have an important interest in the success of such projects. They should show the visiting delegates that they appreciate the fact.

### INFECTION CONCEALMENT A CRIME.

IN such an emergency as that which now confronts our city and county, a physician or a layman who conceals a case of infantile paralysis commits an offense against the public that merits condemnation and punishment.

It is highly important, for the protection of the public, that all points of infection be made known as quickly as possible after cases of the disease have been discovered.

We notice that one of the health officials in Philadelphia says that while on Thursday of this week only thirty new cases of infantile paralysis were reported, he is confident that fully ninety new cases developed and that sixty were concealed by doctors and laymen.

It is to be hoped that nothing of that sort is going on in Wilmington. If it is suspected, an investigation should be made. If the investigation verify the suspicion the offenders should be made known to the public and the severest punishments provided should be inflicted upon them.

Having delayed thus long about it, why not put the Wilson notification meeting over to November 8, and then tell him all at once that he has been renominated and defeated?

### With The Paragraphers

Wedding marchers—Some are going to the front via the altar.—Austin (Tex.) American.

Sometimes the railroad map is the best scenery the railroad affords.—Galveston (Tex.) News.

We can always see where the other spendthrift might practice economy.—Chicago Examiner.

Probably the poorest distinction is being able to drink more than someone else.—Atchison (Kan.) Globe.

It does look as if the first of the month came offener than it has a calendar right.—Memphis Commercial-Appal.

Among the really popular individuals in town these days the ice man takes front rank.—Fresno (Cal.) Herald.

When some men grant a favor that costs them nothing they seem to think that they should own you.—Chicago Examiner.

### GEMS OF THOUGHT

The strength that flowers in beauty is twice strong.—Richard Burton.

God has given us tongues that we may say something pleasant to our fellowman.—Heine.

Make your educational laws strict, and your criminal ones gentle; but leave youth its liberty and you will have to dig dungeons for age.—Ruskin.

A fool may be known by six things: Anger, without cause; speech without profit; change, without progress; inquiry, without object; putting trust in a stranger, and mistaking foes for friends.—Arabian Proverb.

Novelty has charms that our mind scan hardly withstand. The most valuable things, if they have for a long while appeared among us, do not make any impression as they are good, but give us a distaste as they are old. But when the influence of this fantastical humor is over, the same men or things will come to be admitted again by a happy return of our good taste.—Thackeray.

# Running the Blockade

(From the Washington Post.)

The Deutschland's successful return to Bremen suddenly renews interest in the novel and skillful attempt of German enterprise to get through the British blockade. The world applauds the daring of Capt. Koenig and his men, and doubtless they will wear proudly all the iron crosses which the Kaiser cares to confer upon them, providing the weight of metal does not endanger the operation of their wonderful craft. Such feats as those performed by the Deutschland's crew honor the iron crosses and make the bauble mean something.

Capt. Koenig reveals a new method of fishing for submarines, which was unsuccessful in this instance, but which may have brought about the destruction of many an undersea boat whose disappearance mystified the German Admiralty. Off the Virginia coast, it appears, a fleet of fishing vessels was posted by British authorities, all of them actively engaged in spreading their nets in ostensible pursuit of the fish, but actually using the nets for the purpose of entangling the Deutschland. The moment any of the vessels were dragged, it was the duty of the fishermen to signal to nearby warships, which were ready and anxious to do the rest. The deep water seems to have made this expedient a failure, but in moderately shallow water it probably would have succeeded.

## People's Column

WILL NOT BE A JOINT DEBATE.

Wilmington, Del., August 25, 1916.

To the Editor of THE EVENING JOURNAL:

Sir:—There appeared in the paper on Thursday night a news item to the effect that Rev. George A. Cook, pastor of Wesley M. E. Church, had agreed to a joint discussion of "Russellism," and that he will speak on that subject in his church tomorrow. We would like to have the public understand that Pastor Cooke has made no such agreement with the Bible Students, and that the meeting which he thus announces is entirely of his own arrangement and will not be a debate nor anything bordering thereon between Pastor Cooke and the Bible Students. As announced in a former edition of THE EVENING JOURNAL, in answer to a request by Pastor Cooke, the Bible Students did give him the privilege of addressing them, if he, in turn, would grant the Bible Students the privilege of addressing his congregation. Of course it was understood that the speakers were to exchange, but the congregations were to remain in their own meeting places.

Pastor Cooke made a pretense of accepting this proposition and arranged to address the Bible Students in his church, giving the Bible Students the privilege of addressing his congregation in their meeting place. This pretense of accepting the proposition really made void the whole arrangement, because any one exercising common sense would know that the Bible Students have the privilege, at any time, of inviting his congregation to their meeting place, without his consent, likewise, Pastor Cooke has the privilege of inviting the Bible Students to his church without their consent.

In a second letter addressed to Pastor Cooke, the Bible Students called his attention to this "oversight" on his part and that he was not accepting the proposition as we made it. This letter was not answered by Pastor Cooke and the Bible Students took for granted that he did not care to carry the matter any further. It would appear, now, that Mr. Cooke is trying to give the public the inference that the privilege of addressing his congregation on Sunday afternoon is to be a debate and that Bible Students will be there, and probably Pastor Russell, and by giving the public this inference, he, no doubt, thinks that he will get a congregation to hear him. Otherwise, no doubt, he fears that his congregation would possibly be very small.

If Mr. Cooke really thinks that it would be to his advantage to have a debate with the Bible Students, let him be a man and make this arrangement fair and square, offering to pay half the expense for a public hall, and he will see how quickly he will be accepted. But if he is in the habit of using such trickery and guile in the use of the Scriptures and its teachings as he has done in connection with the above mentioned arrangements with the Bible Students, it would seem that neither the Bible Students nor the public in general would have much confidence in what he would have to say.

We would like to have it understood plainly that Pastor Russell will

### POLITICAL CARD

FOR STATE SENATOR, Second Senatorial District.  
**Thomas F. Gormley**  
SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE DEMOCRATIC VOTERS.  
The Second Senatorial District comprises all that portion of the city south of Eighth Street.

FOR CORONER 1916  
NEW CASTLE COUNTY  
**Francis H. Lattomus**  
Of Christiana Hundred  
Subject to decision of the Republican Party.

FOR CORONER 1916  
OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY  
**Samuel McCormick**  
Subject to the Decision of the Republican Rules.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER AND RECEIVER TO TAXES, 1916.  
**Chas. H. Lippincott**  
WILMINGTON HUNDRED.  
Subject to Republican party rules.

tional Bible Students' Association and yourself.

"If you will read carefully the former communication, you will notice that the proposition is that you come to the Bible Students and address them and that we go to your congregation and address them, and not that the Bible Students should go to you and your congregation come to us. Our thought is that probably none of the Bible Students would be willing to go to your church to hear you address them, and we feel sure that very few, if any, of your congregation would come to our meeting place to hear us, hence, we feel that any arrangements of this kind will accomplish nothing that we both desire to have accomplished.

"We have no desire whatever to back out of this, but desire to reach as large a number of people as possible. We trust that the Lord's blessing will be upon our united efforts, and that His Word, the true Gospel Message, as thus reflected therein, will be made known unto the people to the end that His Name may be glorified, and that His people may be blessed.

"Yours very truly,  
"J. W. FAIRBROTHER,  
"OSCAR JONES,  
"W. N. WOODWORTH,  
"Board of Elders,  
International Bible Students Association. (Per—W. N. W.)

HOPKINS AND BANTON  
Agents for High Brown Bleaches, Electric Combs and Pomades, Best Ice Cream, 40c per qt. Sodas, 5c.—Adv.

THEEVES FRIGHTENED OFF.  
Would-be robbers are alleged to have been frightened away from the home of A. L. Tindall, No. 604 East Twenty-second street, on Thursday night when members of the family returned home. Gas lights in various parts of the building were found lit, but nothing had been stolen.

THE ORIGINAL Malted Milk. Nourishing, Delicious, Digestible. The powder dissolves in water. Needs no cooking—Keep it on hand. Rich Milk, Malted grain extract in powder. The Original Food-Driek for all ages. For Infants, Invalids and growing children. More nourishing than tea, coffee, etc. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. In the home, or at Hotels and Cafes. Invigorates nursing mothers, and the aged. Substitutes cost YOU Same Price.

Entire Body Covered With Watery Pimples Would Scratch Till Blood Came  
Providence, R. I., Oct. 15, 1915.—"Some time ago my skin began to break out in little pimples. These filled with water, and when they opened the watery fluid ran out and spread the trouble until my entire body from my face to my feet was covered. The itching was something terrible, and I would scratch until the blood came, and my skin would feel as if it were burning. I tried a prescription and several kinds of salve, but none helped me. After I had suffered this way for about 14 or 15 months I tried Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap, and the first application relieved me so that I slept that night. In six weeks I was cured." (Signed) Raymond E. Madley, 690 Union Ave. Doctors have prescribed the Resinol treatment for over twenty years. Sold by all druggists. Samples free—write to Dept. 3-S, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

## Editorial Opinion

### TAXING MUNITIONS.

From the New York Sun.  
Senator Boies Penrose, who is admitted even by his enemies to know a good deal about matters of tariff and taxation has taken advantage of the debate on the emergency revenue bill to tell some plain truths about the Democratic scheme to tax munitions. He says that the tax is sectional and is not uniform; that as an evasion of the constitutional prohibition on export taxes it is unlawful; that as a direct tax it constitutes double taxation of certain manufacturing corporations; that it makes the Government a sharer in munitions profits and so destroys neutrality.

Senator Penrose makes the mistake of thinking that the Democrats in Congress employ reason in matters of taxation. They do not. They simply seek the easiest way of getting the money they waste.

### BAND CONCERTS.

The following locations have been selected for the band concerts and dances to be held the coming week: Monday night—Monroe street, between Ninth and Tenth streets. Tuesday night—Kirkwood Park. Wednesday night—Grant avenue and Fourth street. Thursday night—Second and Jackson streets. Friday night—Lovering avenue and Union street. Saturday night—Court House square. Sunday night—Washington Heights. Dances will be held every night except Saturday and Sunday, and the public are requested to allow the dancers to have the free use of the street for their pleasure on the dance nights. Concerts will start at 7:45 o'clock. Music will be furnished by the First Infantry Band under the direction of J. Norris Robinson.

## SAYER BROTHERS Now Occupy One Plant

Our cleaning and dyeing establishment, at Eighteenth and Market streets, greatly enlarged and improved during the past year, is now fully equipped to handle all our business. In order to centralize our efforts to serve the public in the best manner possible, we have decided to close our Delaware avenue branch. Hereafter, send or telephone orders to the Market Street Works only.

Work called for and delivered as usual.  
**SAYER BROS.,**  
EIGHTEENTH AND MARKET STREETS.  
D. & A. Phone, 6L. Automatic, 179L.

# Protect Your Household With THE GAS FIRED INCINERITE

WHEREVER there is garbage there you will find germs, and there you will find flies. Every time the door swings open in comes a flotilla of flies with its cargo of germs. You can't swat all the flies, but you can destroy all your garbage.

The Gas Fired Incinerite is a combined waste receptacle and destructor. It is simple, compact and cleanly. It fits snugly in beside the kitchen Gas Range and may be connected with the same flue. GAS is used as fuel—a few cents' worth a week is enough to destroy every atom of household waste.



We have a limited number of INCINERITES on hand, and by placing your order at once we will be able to give it our prompt attention.

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